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## BULLETIN

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MAYSVILLE, - - JANUARY

SPEECH OF

### HON. LAZARUS W. POWELL, OF KENTUCKY,

on the Right of the President to Saspend the writ of Habeas Corpus and
make Arbitrary arrests, delivered in on that subjec. That is all I have to say on the Senate of the United States, December 11th, 1862.

The following resolution offered hy Mr Saulsbury of Delaware being under consider-

"Resolved, That the Secretary of War be, State of Delaware, have been arrested and instanced the cases in which they have done dark nour of our national difficulties, I must the same, all rehels and insurgents, their were arrested and so imprisoned; the charges I Administration to meet the argument, and against them; by whom made; by whose or to overthrow it if they can; but they shall ders they were arrested and imprisoned; and inake nothing in favor of their rotten and dississippli to the cataract of Niagara, my that he communicate to the Senate all papers relating to their arrest and imprison-

Mr. Powell. Secresy, Mr. President, might well become the cabinet of a tyrant, but it ill becomes the cahinet of a free, constitutional Government. I fear, from the zens of Delaware. My object was to aid Senator's innuences and insinuations. Senator those citizens; but the Senator from Maine The Senator has chosen to tell the Senate. those citizens; but the Senator from Maine

ligence, who did not know more about the you should restore the Union and the Concondition of the people of Kentucky than stitution by arms, I, like an honest man, country. the Senator from Maine seems to know .- | will admit my error. I'll then, I will main. men in arms in the rebellion! The Senator I believed, Mr. President, that you could gird that as a gross violation of the Consthave no doubt that the Senator states what by arms. I believed that in the outset we can only be suspended by legislative act; ed with the Army, by military commission. themselves." impeach his verscity; but I hope be will promise. I believed the Crittenilen amenil. riety of opinion. The President, through the Constitution? There can be no doubt upon that matter. Let me tell the Senator all of our difficult es, and prevented the of State through his privost marshals, and on norm sides. Allow me to tell that devotion to the Frestorther, that more are in arms on the Union vocated every measure of peaceable mijustthan on the rchel side.

three fourths of the people of Kenlucky were in arms on the side of the relicilion.

of the men able to bear arms were in the confederate ranks. That was the way in which I stated his remark.

Mr. Morritt. I believe I did sav, instituting a comparison, that I thought three fourths of the war med of Kentucky were in the confederate camps. That may be stating it largely; I do not suppose that anybody understood me as intending to state with accuracy and precision that a census had been taken, and that the proportion had been found to be so. I supposed that the Senator himself would understand it to be a comparative estimate. What I meant to say to say a word. I certainly did not design arrests violated the plainest provisions of was that a large disproportion of the effec- to be understood as impeaching the lovalty tive war force of Kentucky, from the begin- of the gentleman's colleage. I referred to ning, has been against the Government. - of the resolution of which I spoke as one of

to the assertion that three fourths of the men | duced which I regarded as unfortunate, and of Kentucky able to hear arms are in the not calculated to strengthen our arms. I that he never was more mistakon in his life. | Kentucky, [Mr. Davis,] and I certainly did I am astonished that he is not more conver- not intend to impeach his loyalty.

sant with Kentucky affairs. I tell the Sen- Mr. Powerr. Well, then, the Senator ator again, that three fourths of our men regards the resolution of my collengue as an who are able to bear arm are not in both unfortunate act, and not calculated to services; and I tell him again that, from the strengthen our arms, and therefore regards best information I have, more of them are it as a disloyal act. That is his explanation in the Ucion Army than in the other army. substantially. I admit that our people are divided. I ad-inlt that they are in both armies. That is Mr. Fowell. The Senator was speaking

Mr. Powerr. I desire to yield every I think we should do everything to settle

will hear the Senator at this time.

and with the confederates.

arms in favor of the Union.

directly, I will meet it in such a manner as Republic. personally. There are other arenas than zation since the institution of free govern- by court-martial or military commission. this for settling personal difficulties. I trust ment.

ment, and will continue to do so. But so Mr. Morrill. The honorable Senator much euraged are these gentlemen with there being vested in that officer no power Mr. Morrill. The honorable Senator indent emaged and tuese gentiened with those who are for peace; so violently are to make an arrest. While the Senator was done under the war power, and that the war tends that this act is constitutional acts." Nobody preferred to nobody else.) because my colleague saw fit, in his place as a Sanator from a sovereign State of this Union, to propose a resolution providing for a conference of the for the purpose of restoring the Union -The object of that resolution, as expressed

upon its face, is not to separate the States. Mr. WRIGHT. The Senator will allow me the resolution of which I spoke as one of Mr. Powell. The Senator still adheres progress of this war measures were intro-

an unfortunate state of things. I regret the about disloyalty when he made the allnsion. division. The State is now being torn and However, I will take the Senator's denial. injured in every material interest, in conse- I really thought the resolution was proper, quence of the armies of both sides having and whenever it comes up I shall vote for been, as some of them are, upon our soil. it; and I shall propose further so to amend Mi. Morrill. The Senator will allow it as to have an armistice during the session of that convention, if it ever shall be called.

courtesy to the Senator, but I really do not these difficulties by peaceful means. I am the Constitution gnaranties freedom of the truth is, neither of us is in error. The dent for doing those unconstitutional acts wish to be interrupied at every sentence. I opposed to this rampant war spirit which press. I think the President and Congress Senator himself errs. Judge Curtis says: Mr. Morris. What I desire to put to the compromise and adjustment upon a hasis the confiscation hills on your statute book; these: there is military law; there is martial Senator is, whether it is true or not that from which would have been just to all sections but on that point, there is a contrarlety of the start, from the outbreak of this rebellion, of the country; which would have satisfied opinion. the majority of the active military force of the southern people, who are now in revolt, a proclamation issued ou the 22d of Sep-Mr. Powert. The Senator, so far from defending the position which I was assailing, should have met in a spirit of compromise, at a certain time. If he carries out that seems to be getting up Interrogations for me. and adjusted their difficulties; and I believe proclamation, his act will be in plain and even apply to the teamsters of an army, save That is a matter about which there is a con- that ere long the whole country will be of palpable violation of the Constitution of the hy force of the express previsions of the laws trariety of opinion. If he means force in my opinion. I said before the war com- United States; and I need but refer to the of Congress, making such persons amenable the field, certainly the fact is not so; for menced, that if you attempted coercion, President's inaugural address, and to the thereto. The persons and the property of comparatively few of our men have been in what we now have upon as would follow; clause of the Chicago platform which he arms against the Government. There are a that the people would be loaded down with quotes in that inaugural address, to prove absolutely exempted from the control of good many, I grant, but more have been in taxation; that heavy indehtedness would the fact; because the President there an military law as they are exempted from the But, sir, there is a course of dehate here would finally be prostrated and ruined in possible to state any proposition, that the inwhich is somewhat distasteful to me. If I all their interests, social, moral, and materi- siltution of slavery is a matter of domestic take the liberty of assailing the Administra- al. That is my judgment to-day. Believ- concernment, and is left to the people of the

tion, or an officer of the Government for violating the Constitution of my country, linuandoes are constantly thrown out by I have ever advocated such measures of ad
Government has nothing to do with it.— Senators on the other side about loyalty and justment as I thought were available for that That is the doctrine of the inaugural address. patriotism; and references have been made object. Believing that war was not a meana and the very converse of it is the doctrine to my late colleague. If gentlemen on that towards that end, I have opposed it; and I of the President's proclamation. side of the Chamber desire to make the im-pression that I am not loval to the Govern-not opposed it, believing, as I did, that it able proclamation two days after that, on the ment which I am serving, I wish they would would lead to the destruction of my coun- 24th of September. I regard the first as a say so plainly, and not attempt by innuendo try, to the final severance of the States, and proposition to free slave negroes, and the last and hint to convey the idea. If they say it to the overthrow of the Constitution of the as a proposition to enslave white men, he-

that point. I desire Senators to meet my cracy of the North. Sir, having been a life wish to misrepresent the Executive, of whom arguments. I indulge in no personalities, long Democrat, believing that the Demo- I desire to speak with respect; but while I do no innuendoes, no hints to weaken the force cratic party in this country is the only party that, I wish in plain and unmistakable langu of the argument of any Senator. I do not that had the strength, ability, and capacity age, no innnendo or hlut about it, to point think it is legitimate in debate, or in ac- to administer the Government in such a out to the Senate the provisions of the Concordance with parliamentary courtesy. I manner as to add to the honor, the glory, stitution which I think have been violated think it ill becomes this place. I have and the dignity of the Republic, and pre- by him. The proclamation of the 24th of and he is hereby, directed to inform the averred that the President of the United serve the Constitution with all its guarantees September undertakes to order: Senate whether Dr. John Laus and Whiteley States and his Cabinet ministers have vio- unimpaired, I have ever desired that it "1. That during the existing insurrection Meredith, or either of them, citizens of the lated the Constitution of my country. I have should be in the ascendency; and in this and as a necessary measure for suppressing imprisoned in Fort Delaware: when they so. It is legitimate for the friends of the confess that when I heard of these victories aiders and abettors, within the United States, tottering cause by leading us from the argu. heart did leap with joy. Lat me tell the comfort to the rebels against the authority of ment by intimations assailing me personally. Senator that in my judgment such triumph the United States, shall be subject to mar-There are other arenas than this for settling never was obtained by any political organi- tial law, and liable to trial and punishment

never to have personal difficulties in this The Senator twits me because I have ar- pended in respect to all person arrested, or Chamber. I certainly will give no Senator raigned the President with having violated who are now, or hereafter during the rehel- proclamations: tenor of the speech of the Senator from cause to make personal assaults on meg but the Constitution. I have defied him to the lion shall be, imprisoned in any fort, camp, Maine, [Mr. Morrill,] that my criticism a if it is tendered, I hope I shall meet it like lists upon that subject; and now, str, I will arsenal, military prison, or other place of fow days ago upon the acts of the Adminis a man. That is my object, and that is my object, tration may injure the the cause of two citi- determination. So, away then with the which he has violated it, and I defy the the sentence of any court-martial or military military military law extends only over the persons Senator to the contest before the American commission."

seems to base his opposition to the resolu- that I have been opposed to this war and The President informed us, by his mestion, asking for information concerning the opposed to coercion. The Senator might sage at the extra session of this Congress, ministration—to tell me if that is not a plain It is equally manifest that he is not acting confidement of those two gentlemen, upon a have spared himself that labor; it is known that he had nilled something like forty speech that I made advocating the resolution, to the whole Senate, it is known to the thousand men to the regular Army, and and not upon the merits of the resolution it- peopleof the entire country, as for as they something like twenty thon and men to the self. I stand here, Mr. President, prepared choose to read anything that may fall from Navy of the United States; I do not pretend to make good by proof which cannot be con- the lips of humble an individual as myself, to give the numbers with exact accuracy .troverted, every charge that I made in that I was opposed to coercion. It is fur. In that, the President plainly and palpably speech; and I defy the Senator from Maine ther known that I have been opposed to the violated the Constitution of the country, beto enter the list, and let us discuss it before war from the very beginning. I opposed it, cause it is written in the Constitution that the Senate and the American people. Prior because I thought the war would result in Congress shall 'raise and support armies,' to taking up that branch of the subject, the destruction of both sections of the coun- and 'provide and maintain a navy.' I have however, I will notice a few remarks of the try. I believed that the war was a wedge heretofore asked for the constitutional war-Senator that were somewhat personal to me, of disunion that would forever split these rant of the President to add those men to and to the people I have the honor to repre- States asunder, and I desired to perpetuate the regular Army and Navy. I am not now the Union, the constitutional Union, as our speaking of the three months men whom he He demands to know the' condition of fathers gave it to us. Believing that war called out He had a right to call them Kentucky. He asks the question for the was a disunion element, and that it would out. I have heretofore attempted maintain purpose of answering it, and then says that ultimately terd to the destruction of the hefore the Senate that these additions to three fourths of the able-bodied men of Union of the States and the overthrow of the regular Army and Navy were not nec-Kentucky have taken arms and gone into the Constitution of my country, as an honest essary, because the volunteers that came the confederate service. Mr. President, I man I said so. I have been opposed to the here saved the capital, if it were saved by did not suppose there was a man in the war. Whether I was right in th t or not, by force. I should like to know of the United States of America, of ordinary intel- time must determine. If I was wrong, if Senator if these two acts were not violations

to the Constitution and laws of the country,

the Constitution.

thwarted the efforts of those who were for have violated the Constitution in enacting

ern States any of their rights-civil, religi- tember, undertakes to emancipate the slaves into the actual service of the United States. ensue; and that hoth sections of the country nounced, as clearly and distinctly as it is

cause it suspends the writ of habeas corpus

"2. That the writ of habeas corpus is sus-

yea, sir, I would ask the friends of the Ad- hy laws enacted by the legislative power. violation of the Constitution of your country. under that implied anthority which grows The President tells you all these persons out of particular actual military operations; shall be tried by military commission. Now for these executive decrees do not spring what does the Constitution say? I will from the special emergencies of any particu-

"No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the mililia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person he subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall he compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself; nor he deprived of life, liberty, or property, withcompensation."

The President undertook about that time President of the United States, in plain vio- let us he ware how we borrow weapons from What, gir, three fourilis of her able-bodied tain the honest convictions of my judgment to suspend the writ of habeas corpus. I re- lation of that provision of the Constitution, the armory of arbitrary power. They canhas issued a proclamation declaring that he has drawn upon his fancy for his facts. I not keep the States of this Union together tution, because I hold that the habeas corpus will try civilians, persons in no way connecthe helieves is true; I by no means intend to could have done it by concession, by com- but upon that point I know there is centra- Is not that plainly violative of this clause of allow me to enlighten his understanding ments to the Constitution would have settled his Minister of War, through his "ecretary about it. The Constitution is the same in the very earliest effects of an attempt to use peace and in war; the constitutional rights them. What lies beyond, no patriot is now that three fourths of the people of Kentucky, bloody and cruel war in which we are now through his military commanders of posts of the citizen, the guarantees of the Constiwho are able to hear arms, are not in arms engaged; and consequently they had my throughout the length and breadth of this tution that protect him in his life, liberty, who are able to hear arms, are not in arms engaged, and consequently they dad indential newspaper, on both sides. Allow me to tell him hearty, warm, cordial support. I have adfull force and effect.

they stirred up at the idea of blood and reading my speech, I wish he hal read the power is not what I indicated that it was .- hody cares whether it is or not." carnage, snuffing the battle afar off, as they question which I propounded to the Senate. He resorts again to that old plea of tyrants, I do not know what newspaper the judge rere in arms on the side of the relicition.

It is a sail every man who was for Mr. President, I have heretofore quotes from, but I have myself heard a great the results again to that old plea of tyrants, and undertaken, at least, to necessity. Mr. President, I have heretofore quotes from, but I have myself heard a great and not say that, I undertaken, at least, to necessity. Mr. Powert. I did not say that, I under-do, and they asked the settling our difficulties by any other means show the constitutional authority hy which discussed this point at some length, but I many such speeches and read a great many the President or his Cabinet Minister. hecause the Constitution prescribed how arrests shall be made. The Constitution confor the government of the Army, and presbeing a Democrat. I do not know Judge fers upon another and distinct hody of mag- cribed what should be done in regard to Curtis personally, but he is certainly regard istracy the power of arresting and commit- courts-martial and courts of inquiry. I said ed as, at least, among the most eminent States to settle these difficulties. How to ting to prison citizens who infract the laws, that by the Articles of War men in the mil- lawyers of Massachusetts. settle them? Look at the resolution. It is and prescribes the mode and minner in itary service were bound, but that they did Mr. President, honestly and conscientiouswhich it shall be done. The Constitution not apply to civilians. The Senator seems ly believing as I do, that this war would requires the President to see that the laws to think that this position of mine was un- have but the effects which I have briefly inhe faithfully executed, which he has not sound. I say, further, that wherever the dicated, I have opposed it. Believing only failed to do, but has hy these arbitrary Articles of War do not apply our armies honestly, as I do, that the President of the The Constitution of your country secures nations. I hold in my hand a very elaborate indicated, I have taken the liberty, in my freedom of speech and the liberty of the and able article, written by Hon. Benjamin place as a Senator in the Congress of the dation of the gallant Democracy of the North, the resolution of which I spoke as one of the dation of the garden and and article, written by hon. Benjamin place as a Senator in the Congress of the dation of the garden and and article, written by hon. Benjamin place as a Senator in the Congress of the dation of the garden article, written by hon. Benjamin place as a Senator in the Congress of the dation of the garden article, written by hon. Benjamin place as a Senator in the Congress of the dation of the garden article, written by hon. Benjamin place as a Senator in the Congress of the dation of the garden article, written by hon. Benjamin place as a Senator in the Congress of the dation of the garden article, written by hon. Benjamin place as a Senator in the Congress of the dation of the garden article, written by hon. Benjamin place as a Senator in the Congress of the dation of the garden article, written by hon. Benjamin place as a Senator in the Congress of the dation of the garden article, written by hon. Benjamin place as a Senator in the Congress of the dation of the garden article, written by hon. Benjamin place as a Senator in the Congress of the dation of the garden article, written by hon. Benjamin place as a Senator in the Congress of the dation of the garden article, written by hon. Benjamin place sion. The President of the United States, the Supreme Court of the United States, a shrupt or insulting to the President, always for civil liberty, I regard their trincapa in through the instrumentality of his sub-of- man eminent for his ability, a man who, I treating him, I trust, with that courtesy ficials, has cloven down the freedom of have heard the distinguished Senator from which his high office demands at my hands. rehel service. Allow mo to tell the Senator have the ntmost confidence in the Senator bave been arrested because New Hampshire [Mr. Hale] say on this floor, I have never questioned the loyalty or pathey uttered their honest convictions against upon more occasions than one, was the only triotism of any Senator on the other side behis administration of public affairs; and now lawyor on the hench of the Supreme Court cause he takes issue with me upon these some of them, perhaps, are languishing in of the United States, and who retired in dis- matters. If Senators do not think that the prison. In that he has violated the Consti- gust from his associates because he was the President has violated the Constitution of tution of his country. The President, only man learned in the law npon the bench! the country, it is their privilege to say so, dred million dollars at their command for through his Postmaster General and others, That was the idea of the Senator from New and for the saying of it no man has a right annual expenditures; they had offices inhas taken away the liberty of the press.— Hampshire, though, of course he expressed to blame them. I honestly believe that the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I honestly believe that the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I honestly believe that the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I honestly believe that the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I honestly believe that the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I honestly believe that the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I honestly believe that the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I honestly believe that the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I honestly believe that the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I honestly believe that the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I honestly believe that the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I honestly believe that the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I have a support to blame them are the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I have a support to blame them are the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. I have a support to blame them are the numerable to give; newpapers advocating to blame them. the country are refused circulation through He is the judge who delivered the dissent- have referred, has violated the Constitution the mails; and many of them in the city of ing opinion in the Dred Scott case. In that of the country, and I helieve, as Judge Cur-New York, in the city of Louisville, in the opinion, I confess I thought Judge Curtis the has so incidly expressed it, that he cancity of St. Lonis, and elsewhere, have been was wrong; but all admit that he is a lawyer not claim shelter under the military power standing all these difficulties the Democracy suppressed altogether. Does the Constitution not secure these men in their rights?—
Have not the President and his officials in—
mations, and upon the general subject of the secure in the Senates. It is feet vaded the freedom of the press? It is a fact executive power. If I am wrong, I am very dissent from me, to meet the arguments, to notorious to the whole country. That, cer- much gratified to find that so distinguished take up the Coustitution and the laws and tainly, is a violation of the Constitution, for a lawyer as Judge Curtis errs with me; but abow the warrant and power of the Presi-

"What, then, are those limits? They are law. Military law is that system of laws enacted by the legislative power for the

tain offenses. Judge Curtis goes on further to say in this article:

"But there is also martial law., What is this? It is the will of a military commander, operating, without any restraint, save his own judgment, upon the lives, upon the property, two days ago I said more on the subject upon the entire social and individual condition of allover whom the law extends. But, under the Constitution of the United States, here to-day, I did not expect to speak on over whem does such law extend?

"Will any one he hold enough to say, ln view of the history of our ancestors and ourselves, that the President of the United States can extend such law as that over the Wilson] the other day, in reply to the few entire country, or over any defined geo- remarks of mine to which the Senator from graphical part thereof, save in connection Maine has alluded to-day, said that it was with some particular military operations not these greets that had had influence upwhich he is carrying on there? Since on the elections in the North. He intimated Charles I lost his head, there has been no that the Republicans had come out most king in England who could make such law gloriously as the party of the Constitution in that realm. And where is there to be and the Union. With great deference to found, in our history, or our constitutions, the opinion of that Senator, I do not think either State or national, any warrant for say- that with the exhibit I have made to-day, ing that a President of the United States has they can lay claim to being the party of the heen empowered by the Constitution to ex- Constitution, for I think they have violated tend martial law over the whole country, it in almost every vital part. The Senator and to subject thereby to his military power says that the Demecracy gained this victory every right of every citizen? He has no because the Republicans were away in the such authority."

That is the language of Judge Curtis. He thinks that nobody will be so hold as to take | those respective States were Democrats and a position of that kind. He was not aware of the valorand holdness of the Senator from Maine, or of course he would not have said tive numbers of the two parties, but I de it. He says further in reference to these two know that Democratic members of Congress

"It is manifest that in proclaiming these edicts, the President is not acting nader the soldiers had been at home, their majorities actually enlisted in the military service; and they and the Senator from Massachusetts I would ask the Senator from Maine second, because these persons are governed lar military operations, and are not limited

"Whence, then, do these edicts spring?-They spring from the assumed power to extend martial law over the whole territory of the United States; a power, for the exercise of which by the President there is no warrant whatever in the Constitution; a power which no tree people could confer upon an executive officer, and remain a free people. For it would make him the absolute master of their lives, their liberties, and their property he taken for public use without just perty, with power to delegate his master. ship to such satraps as he might select, or as might he imposed on his credulity or his ever, as hut one of the prominent issues .-That is the fifth article of the amend- fears. Amid the great dangers which en- 1 know there were were many others, and ments to the Constitution. It tells you how compass us; in our atruggles to encounter now I will state candidly to the Senator in the land or nava! service; and vet the efficient means to accomplish our vast labors, not he wielded by the hands of a free people. Their blows will finally fall upon

are carried on.

Wisely and well said. "Distracted councils, divided strength, are willing to attempt to look upon.

"A leading and influential newspaper, of emalcipation, says: 'The Democrats talk The Senator from Maine says all this is about "unconstitutional acts." Nobody pre-

[Mr. Wright] even went so far as to impeach the loyally of my colleage [Mr. Davis] and of his military officials, by his authority, the previous debate on this resolution that the previous debate on this resolution that the President has violated the Constitution, the military was subordinate to the civil following the military of military was subordinate to the civil following the military of military was subordinate to the civil following the military of military was subordinate to the civil following the military of military was subordinate to the civil following the military of military was subordinate to the civil following the military was subordinated to the civil following the military was subordinated to the civil following the

must be governed by the rules of warfare United States has violated the Constitution which prevail with civilized and Christian of my country in the instances which I have

for which I arraign him before the bar of the people. Must of the acts that I have specified, are in palpable violation of the plain letter of the Constitution. They are not matters of construction, but they are so plain and explicit that there can be no doubt. Hence gentlemen try to lead the country off from the argument in the manner is which it is said in the books of the little schoolboys, the lapwing leads the boy from her nest hy flying away on apparent crippled wing, and expecting the boy to follow here Gentlemen expect to lead me off frem the argument in that way, but they are mistaken in their man. I will hold them to the point. I will call the attention of the country to the issue. I demand again's to know by military law as they are exempted from the control of the laws of Great Britain."

And yet the President says he will try citizens hy a military commission for cercitizens hy a military commission for having exercised usurped power, and violated the Constitution of the country which he has sworn to support.

Mr. President, I had hoped that I should not be again brought into this debate, for the resolution any more, and I would not have done so but for the extraordinary .peech of the Senator from Maine:

The Senator from Massachusetts [Mr. Army. I am not accurately informed as to what proportion of the soldiers coming from Republicans, and consequently I cannot distlnctly and specifically state the comparawho have been elected in Indiana and in Illinois and in Ohio have told me that if the That, however, only proves one fact, that As I stated, I am not informed of the political complexion of the Army, and consequently can state nothing about it, but I know that members of Congress who have recently gone through the ordeal of a triumphant canvass have told me that they wished the soldiers were at home, for then their vote would have been very largely into any field in which any such operations creased. That is the opinion of the western Democracy. I have heard no expression of opinion as to the effect in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and New York, but as to Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois, I have heard this statement from more than one member

of Congress.

that these illegal arrests were the sole eause of the defeat of the Republicans in those States, I did regard it as one striking issue in the canvass. It was certainly so in Illi-nois, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and New York. I regard it, hew-Democratic party succeeded in the late elebtions. I believe that the people throughout the whole Union-North, West and South-scrntinizing the action of the Republican party since it came into power, has come to the conclusion that it is radically disregardful of the Constitution of the country and of the liberties of the people. They objected to these illegal arrests. They were appalled when the President issued his emancipation proclamation. Their alarm was still further increased when the last proclamation was issued, undertaking to suspend the writ of habeas corpus, and to authorize the trial by courts-martial and military commissions of persons not in the land or naval service. When they came to read the reports of the committees of investigation of this Congress, they were struck with horror at the profligacy of the Administration; and at the frauds and thefts that had heen committed upon the Treasnry. Take the reports which have gone out from this Congress, and perhaps there never was exhibited in the history of the world mere flagrant and outrageous plunder and fraud bu the public revenues than those reports attest. These were the causes upon which the Democracy, so far as it was able to understand, arraigned the Administration in the late canvass in the States to which I have referred; and I was not an inattentive observer of those issues.

Sir, whilst I did not pretend to intimate

I have thus briefly alluded to the issues that I understood to be affirmed, and npon which the Democracy triumphed; and allow me to say, now, Mr. President, in commenthose States as the grandest moral victory the world has ever witnessed. What was the condition of things when they entered that contest? The Republicins, two years ed of the Army; they had eight or tou hunmission in the mails; their orators were seized and thrown into prison. Notwithentered the lists as bold and fearless champ ions of constitutional and civil liberty. remember that during the last session, when a few individuals had a Democratic meeting. here and sent forth an address to the people,

Concluded on the 4th Page.

still the same the

## THE BULLETIN.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY ROSS & ROSSER, Editors and Proprietors.

MAISVILLE JANUARY 8

THE DISURIORISTS .- Mr. Vallandigham offered in Congress a few weeks ago, resolutions that the Union must be preserved indivisible; that persons advising peace on any other terms should be held guilty of a high crime; that the Government can never permit foreign intervention; that the war is waged in no spirit of oppression, but for the equal rights of the States and the maintenance of the Union; that the revolutionary scheme of extinguishing State laws and turning States back to territories should not be tolerated, that a dictatorship should be spurned, and that the preservation of the Constitution, the Union and the liberties of the people should be the object kept in view. These resolutions were voted down by the House, by a vote of 75 Abolitionists against 50 Democrats in their favor. Where now is the boasted Unionism of the Abolitionists? Reader, reflect upon lt. These plgger worshippers thus vote virtually in favor of a dictatorship, against the preservation of the Union, Constitution, public liberty and all!

Reception of Dr. Olds at Columbus. Dr. Olds' reception at Columbus on the 5th inst., was one of the grandest processlons, in favor of free apeach and free press, ever beheld in Ohio-2 reception in honor of civil liberty and in rebuke of the tyranny of the Federal and State Administrations. The crowd was variously estimated at from eight to twelve thousand peoplewe should think fully ten thousand.

The reception speech was made by the Hon. George L. Converse, to which Dr. Edson B. Olds made a fitting response.

The whole city was allve with people, and the windows and balconies were crowded with ladies, waving flags and handkerchiefs, and cheering the procession as it pas-

THE DYING CHURCH -A writer in the Northern Methodiat Christlan Advocate, saye: "Of the forty-eight Annual Conferense, all but aix report losses ranging from - Well, what of it? Who have tears to harvest. shed? The Republican party will be exhaustell sooner than that, and as the two machines are so nearly one, when one dies the other will have poor living. A church which resolves itself into a polltical machine, will die when the machine dies-it should die-and we thank God for all such mercles. A renewed church, founded on the Gospel, will soon rise up to take its place .- Crisis.

One of the federal brigades left its tenta and knapsacks behind, in Fredericksburg.

### Basil Duke Not Dead.

The Louisville (Ky.) Democrat of Sunday, in giving an account of the late akirmishes of John Morgan in that State, says:

'Our informant says that Basil Duke was not dead on Wednesday, though severely wounded. A gentleman saw hlm in an amthe news.'

Duke is the brother-ln-law of Morgan, and has been reported killed.

How TREY SAVE THE UNION .- An Abolition writer in the Boston Commonwealth, and of our form of Government:

"Rather than see that institution reappear in one National Congress, I would rejoice in this proud fabric, which was reared, like Dahomey's throne, on human skulls."

This is the spirit which has broken np the Confederacy and reduced us to our pre-

SILVER IN PENNSYLVANIA.—The Butler \$130,000 treasurc. (Pennsylvania) Herald announces the discovery of silver ore in the township of Slippery Rock. Its existence had been known as early as the occupation of Fort Du Quesne -Fort Venango-by the French, but the locality had never been discovered. Crucibles and other apparatus has been found on erere to be erected for the purpose of refining about Richmond is being promptly respond--sthe ore, as soon as possible.

Is THERE ANY DIFFERENCE .- The President orders the execution of thirty-seven Indiana in Minnesota for murdering women and children in their savage warfare. This was right, and his action will receive general applause. But stop! He immediately demonstration. issues a proclamation calling upon three millions of barbarious negro slaves to rise in insurrection, he knowing that such rising Is always accompanied with the murder and children and other non-combatants. He commands the army sud navy of the . Unlted States to do nothing to repress any means the negroes may take to recover their freedom! Why should he hang Indians for stidoing in Minnesota what he wants the negroes to do in the South?

The steamer Scotia, which left New: York for Liverpool last Tuesday, took out \$368,000 in specie.

bundred theusand dollars.

The great battle of the South-West began on Wednesday, the 31st ult, and continued up to Saturday, Jan. 3d, when the breastworks of the Robela at Murfreesboro were shelled from the entrenchments of the Federal army. Rose crans had been greatly reinforced by fresh troops. The estimated Federal loss is as follows: Killed, 1,000; wounded, 5,000; prisoners, 4,000 Rehel-loss not known. An unusually large number of Federal officers were killed in this engagement, embracing many of Rosecrans' veterans. Bragg will fight again at Tallahoma; which point is strongly fortified: . The news from the Mississippl is important; the Federals reported as being within three miles of Vicksburg. Holly Springs is still occupied by Grant, who manifests no disposition to advance.-Sullivan, is reported as having met Forrest, and repulsed him after a terrible fight .-Politically, the news is not important.-Congress met on Monday, after the usual

Dr. Edson B. Olds had a large reception at Columbns, O., on Monday last, and delivered a speech, reciting the history of his incarceration in Fort Lafayette.

Jews from his department, has been revoked by Gen. Halleck. The order was a foolish one, and caused great excitement and throughout the country. The President the position of the Abolitionists to-day. has nominated J. P. Usher, of Indiana, as Secretary of the Interior. He was Assistant Secretary under Secretary Smith.

The taxable property of California, as reported in the annual reports of the State Of this it is no extravagant estimate to say Slavery exists. Did the Presidedt never that San Francisco owns one-third.

ENROLLED MILITIA. - There are at present seventy-five infantry regiments and two battalions of Enrolled Militia in Missouri,

The Springfield, (Illinois) correspondent of the St. Louis Democrat writes:

"I look for some strong anti-war demonstrations from a portion, at least, of the Democratic side of the Legislature this win-

That odd genlus, "Artemua Ward," ectured in Cincinnati, on last Monday evening. Subject, "Sixty Minutes in Africa."-5 17, 2 to 21; An equal aggregate loss for If the proprietor of the "Great Show" would twenty years would exhaust the entire church. come to Maysville, he would reap a rich come to Maysville, he would reap a rich

> UNCLE ARE'S SCALE .- The negro is rising In the scale of Unele Abe's mind. He sty led

In 1859, the negroes; In 1860, the 'colored man:'

In 1861, the 'intelligent contrabands;' In 1862, 'free Americans of African de-

American silver is fonr per cent, dis-

count in Canada. What three words did Adam use

which read the same backward and forward? Madam, I'm Adam.' 'It's all around my hat,' as the hypocrite aid when he put on mourning.

signed a hill pretending to admit Western Virgluia Into the Union as a separate State. bnlance that day, and gave our informant The Constitution expressly provides that no new State shall be erected out of another State, except by the consent of the latter- telegraph operator to intercept Union mess-This has not been done, and the act is, therefore, invalid and void. The President, in giving it his sanction against the opinion fax Court house to give him a warm recep- Governor and the Secretary being the only thus alludes to the perpetuity of the Union of his Attorney General, shows how honest tion should be venture to visit those places. he is in keeping his official oath.

One hundred guns were fired at Bufseeing not one stone left upon another of falo, New York, in honor of the Emancipation Proclamation. Also, in Pittshnrg, Alhazy and other cities.

The Steamer Ocean Queen, from Aspinwall, 24th, has arrived. The steamer has a large number of passengers, and

The Covington and Cincinnati Bridg is to be completed within fifteen or eighteen months. The work will be pushed through vigorously. The requisite amount of Preferred Stock-\$500,000-has all been taken.

The Lynchburg Republican says that the place where the mine was subsequently the call of the rebel secretary of war for \$4,- disappointments and schemes oft baffled; found, and aided in the discovery. Works 500 negroes to work on the fortifications and men fail in their schemes not so much ed to, and the slaves are being forwarded to by concentrating his powers upon a single the scene of their labors.

> The French Empress has expressed a desire to go to Rome to pass the holy week. The Emperor is naturally posed to a step which would be construed into a political

Either the blacks or the whitos in the South must live in a condition of servitude. Which shall it be?-Louisville Journal.

If, as Liccoln says, hir oath to support ravishment of women and the slaughter of the Constitution is registered in heaven, hadn't the record better be stricken out?

> The notorious Parson Brownlow has been appointed Special Agent of the Treasury Department. ..

> court, has ordered that four slaves confined

in the county fail be sold by the sheriff on the first Monday in March to pay charges. cotton and cow-bair, has been commenced remedy may be obtained of any hutcher. The McKinstry trial in St. Louis it is at the South. They are soft and durable, akillful physician, now deceased. It has estimated, will cost the government one and possess the advantage of not wetting been tried in several cases, and has never

Lafayette (Ia.) Democratic Herald.

Lincoln's Edict. To-day is the time set by Abraham Lin-coln, when he is to put forth his decree, re-versing the eternal laws of the Great Jeho-vahl To-day, which ushers in a new year upon the visit of time, is chosen by the railsplitter of Illinois, as a time to proclaim the of the term. thick-skulled woolly-headed, baboon-feawell. Abraham Lincoln may decree, but that will not alter the mechanism of the Almighty, who made them an inferior being, and from the days of Ham down, through the eternal space of years to eternity, Lo human agency can transform them into anything else but 'nigger'

Abraham Lincolu, Charles Sumner, Salmon P. Chase, and other fanatical bipeds of that class, may violate their oaths, they have taken to maintain the Constitution, and hereby hecome perjured villians, to transform their ebony idols into 'American Citizens of African Decenty but God Almighty has ordained their inferiority, and the American people will be found willing instruments to execute his pleasure. But it is not strange that the President, a pure Caucasian, shall persist in sacrificing the lives of thousands of white men, true and loyal of the North, of bringing misery, woe, and mourning around thousands of parental hearth stones, of making myriads of loving wives, disconsolate and brokenhearted widows, of robbing the hosts of once happy Grants' order, which excluded all the children of their paternal protecter, and thereby reducing them to rags, penury, and starvation, in the vain eudeavor to elevate the negro to a level with the white race, or in other words, to reverse the will of the indignation among the Jewish population Creator. Strange as it may seem, such is

But suppose this scheme of Lincoln's instead of being theoretical, was practical, as he designs it to be, what results would iu-ovitably follow? No man of sane mind can doubt that ln a week from this day, negro insurrections would be as prolific and numerous as shinplasters, not only in the Comptroller, amounts to about \$150,000,000. States in rebellion, but in every State where picture to himself a negro insurrection?-Perhaps he gloats over the historical scenes

of San Domingo. Fiends of hideous blackness burst forth as sudden as a thunder cloud in a clear summer day, and endeavor to satiate the venom twenty-two of which organized in St. Louis that has been instilled into them by the Abolition traitors. Age, sex, or condition is spared not. The torch of the incendiary is seen here, and the butchery begins there .-The old men and women, tottering upon the brink of the grave fall under the axe as victims of the butchery. The innocent habea, sleeping upon their mother's breasts are made a receptacle for the murderous blade, and their blood goes to swell the stream that is gushing over the hearthstone, while beantiful young girls, just blooming into womanhood, are condemned to a fate, compared with which the tomahawk quivering in their brains would be a mercy. If all the furies around the pit of Acheron, or all the demons of hell were unchained, they could not be more bloody and ravenous. Thia is the feast to which the practical workings of Abraham Lincoln's Abolition

Proclamation invites the American people Well, we are told by the Abolitionists that, they know he has no Constitutional right to issue it in a civil capacity, but as Commander-in-chief, he can do it as a military order, it being a "military necessity." Well, we do not wonder that our soldiers, men who enlisted in this war to maintain the Constitution and uphold the honor of our country, gain no victorias in support of such military orders as this, neither is it strange than when he introduced himself to Eve, and every country in the North, is filled with deserters from the army since Lincoln has made the freedom of the negro the object of the war, instead of the restoration of the Union. It is well enough to understand ourselves: and we hereby give Lincoln and the Abolition party, to understand that they never can have a united North in support WESTERN VIRGINIA .- The President has of this war, as long as it is carried on for the sole purpose of elevating the negro to an equality with the white man.

> The Washington Star says that in the recent raid the rebel Stuart caused his ages at Burk's Station, thus learning more at the State-house. The dinner was a sucor less concerning the efforts to intercept cess. About twenty-five guests were preshim, and the readiness of our forces at Fair-He also sent various messages over the wires, one to Fairfax Station, purporting to order from here the instant destruction of a considerable quanty of army stores accumulated there. Among the messages found in the office at Burk's Station, having been Republicaus, who did not see the drift of the sent over the wires by his order, is the fol-

"Burk's Station, Dec. 28,'62. "To Q. M. Gen. Melgs, Washington: "In future you will please furnish better mules. Those you have furnished recently are very inferior. "J. E. B. STUART, [Signed] "Major-General, C. S. A."

IDLENESS.—Carlyle aays that nine tenths of the miseries and vices of mauhood procecd from idleness; with men of quick minds, to whom it is especially pernicious, this habit is commonly the fruit of many for the want of strength as from the ill directioo of it. The weakest living creature, object, can accomplish something; the strongest, by dispersing his over many, may fail

Missouri Legislature. JEFFERSON CITY, Jan 5 .- The following resolution, offered in the House to-day, was referred to the Committee on Federal Re-

to accomplish anything.

Resolved, by the House, the Senate concurring, that the proclamation issued by President Lincoln on the 22d of September, and supplementary proclamation oo the 1st of January, will inaugurate a most important epoch in American history, and meeting, our full indorsement, we earnestly and respectfully urge its rigid enforcement, and will use our best endeavors to sustain it. In the Senate a joint resolution was offeroriginal assessment orders against Secessiou-

Judge Logan, of the Jefferson county lists. . When a felon appears on the hand, apply, a piece of rennet soaked in milk to the affected part, and renew the application at A new manufacture of socks, made of brief intervals until relief ia found. The This article was first recommended by a failed to afford relief.

Lincoln's Infamous Proclamation.

We give below the comments of several eading Democratic papers upon Lincoln's infamous proclamation, which looks to the verthrow of our Government and constitntes a revolution in the most complete sense

The Chicsgo Times says:

THE DEED! The deed is done—the deed which unites the people of the South forever in their rebelllon, and divides the people of the North as to the further prosecution of the ware-the deed which converts the war from a; constitutional contest for the integrity of the Unon to an unconstitutional grusade for the liberation of three millions of negro barbarians and their enfranchisement as citizensthe deed which destroyathe last hope of the preservation of the old Government and inaugurates a future dark, uncertain and dreary -the deed which is an unwarranted in military as it is in clvil law, against the purposes of which the humanity of Christendom will protest, and to avert the consequences of which European powers will interfere . The deed is done. The ersziest Abolitionism has achieved the very acme of its desires. The end for which the war was commeuced by the dominant party-the separation of the Union and an armed antislavery crusade—has been reached. It is not a deed without a name. It will be known in all history in all history as the most wieked, atroclous and revolting deed recorded in the annals of civilization."

The New York Express says:

"THE PRESIDENT'S PRONUNCIAMENTO. "What the Spanish South American Preadents have been doing for years and years, the President of the Angle-Saxon United States is trying to do, this A: D. 1863-viz: overthrow the Constitution and to make Law and the Constitution. Of course, Mr. Linby a Pronunciamento. Here is the first Pronunciamento from Abraham Lincoln:

men. He must have a new Congress and better advisers. In the meanwhile-the "Spanish Pronunciamentos differ from Engish proclamations but proclaim what Law has been and is. This is nothing but a Pronunciamento, and is wicked in principle and precedent, and destructive, in complicating the progress of the civil war and its coming scttlement."

The Indianapolis (Ind.) Sentinel closes an important article as follows:

"If this act of usurpation passes unrobuked. then we may bid farewell to constitional liherty. The constitutional guarantees of personal rights and personal liberty will not be worth the parchment upon which they arc written. It is for the people to say whether they will remain free by repudiating this usurpation of power, or, by yielding to, it surrender personal liberty and the right of self-government."

"The Louisville' (Kentucky) Democrat re-

"The President's proclamation has come to hand at last. We scarcely know how to express our indignation lat this flagrant outrage of all constitutional law, all human justice, all Christian feeling. Our very soul revolts at contemplating an atrocity so heinous, and the feeling is intensified at the indelible disgrace which it fixes upon our country. To think that we, who have bee the foremost in the grand march of civilization, should be so disgraced by au imbecile President as to be made to appear before the world as the encourager of insurrection, lust, arson, murdor! The people have condemued this in advance, and the President has raised a storm that will overwhelm him. It is not in the rebellious States he has to fear most, but the true, loyal States will not suffer their fair fame to be stained by him. It is not enough that Kaotucky is exempt from its force; not enough that it is ineffectual even in the States It has reference to. The people can not, ir any State, bear to be so slandered by one who usurps au-

Negro Equality in Massachusetts

that Governor Andrew and the Secretary INAUGURAL. of State 'dined with a colored friend in Southac street, on Thanksgiving Day,' was a joke. Not so. The host was Lewis Hayden, a contraband, employed as messenger ent. The company was very select, the free. - ABE LINCOLN'S PROCLAMATION, white persons present:'

When we have dcclared that to put negroes on a political and social equality with the whites was the object, and would be the result of the Abolition agitation if successful, it has been indignantly denied by some policy they were sustaining. To such we commend the above action of Governor Andrew. What do they say to that? Ciu. Enq.

IF YOU BACK DOWN, PAY THE PENALTY. -Rufus Paine, of Clevland, Ohio, promised to marry a young, blooming and beautiful lady of that city recently, and after 'foolin' with her feelings' threw her off. She sued, and recovered from him \$20,000 damages. She is now beset with scores of 'admirers.'

The total value of soiled postage stamps redecmed at the New York Postoffice, during the first week, was about eighty thousand dollars.

OF A Riehmood paper says that the dam age occasioned by the bombardment of Fredericksburg is estimated at \$250,000.

American silver is four per cent, discount in Canada.

FATAL SHOOTING .- On Sunday night, about 10 o'clock, on Main street, a negro helonging to the 103d Ohio regiment, Col. Casement, a regularly enlisted soldier, was shot by a member of the Provost Guard, belonging to Col. Grigshy's Regiment, Kentucky Voiunteers. It appears that the on the 22d December. Guard, as was his duty, halted the negro, who was very insolent, and finally drew a ball going entirely through his head, killing him instantly. The Guard had a hearing yesterday morning before the civil authori. about \$31,000,000 to make Missouri a free age. I am also selling any of the above Goods ed to memorialize Congress to carry out the ties, and was honorably acquitted. Yeoman. State.

> A New RENDITION .- Never asy 'nigger in the wood-pile.' Speak of it as Uncle men in the plt.

It is thought that most of the Massachusetts brigade of deserters have joined les It's all over with us!" As the passenger new commands and received new bounty.

We extract the following from an editorial in the Frankfort Common wealth.

We affirm that he [the President] is right in his axiom, that the army in the field it the only practicable means he new has to crush the rebellion. He has so irritated and exasperated the Southern people that, until some clear, undeniable, explicit indication is given that it is not the design, as their leaders have charged, to equalize the race in the South-not so much by elevating the negro as by lowering the white-a compromise cannot be effected. We do not believe Mr. Lincoln, encumbered with his present Congress, could do this. He has hothing but the sword. If he were to offer in the other hand the clive branch, it is our union, or would accept the Union upon any other term than the abolition of slavery. They hate the Union as it was with a virulence and scorn deeper and more settled than the rebels themselves do. Incapable the old Union to them is associated with no national glory, because associated with no individual place or power. What to them is national wealth, spread of territory, a is national wealth, spread of territory, a happy people, unsullied flag? . The wealth of the nation is nothing while they have accumulated none of it; the extent of territory nothing when they did not acquire it; a happy people nothing if the people did own euring, still remaining for select use. not honor them; and an unsullied flag "a flaunting lie," since their arms had never upheld it. No! They look for a newer day when all shall be theirs, and when, holding the keys of power, they shall nnlock the gates that lead to wealth and ease. Under the old Union this cannot be done. They must seek it in a fraction of the Union. They are rebels and traitors to the Union coln can do nothing when cramped by such

The New York Express calls for an ioquiry into the ease of the three New Orleans clergymen, Drs. Leacock, Fulton, and Goodrich, incarcerated in Fort Lafayette for the great crime of omitting to pray for the President! It says, if they have violated any rule or regulations of their Church, let its constituted authorities mete out ao ecclesiastical punishment, but we, the people, de mand no connection with Church and State, and if these elergymen have not violated the Constitution or the laws, their immediate release should be demanded as a right guranteed by the Constitution .- Daily Em-

ANCIENT GOLD COINS .- A great number of Merovingian gold coins have lately been discovered in a field about a league from Fontenay-le-Comte, in La Venddee, belonging to Baron de Maynard, and hear his residence, the Chateau de Beaugisiere. It is reekoned that ten thousand or twelve thousand of these coins have been found but all, except about one thousand five hundred, have been sold and melted down. Since 1811, the Imperial Library has reegived sixty-five of these coins. One of the best orchards expressly for my select custo last found bore the inscription Suessonis fit on one side, and on the other Beltomo, with on one side, and on the other Beltom, with a globe surmounted by a cross. Most of them RYE-Selected grain specially cleaned as a substitute for Coffee. ALEX MADDOX were coined at Nautes, O leans, or Paris, but all are Merovingian, and of the same value. Autiquarians have not yet been able to give any plausible explanation as to how or when so rich a treasure came to be buried in the

CROSS READINGS.

I do not want to issue a document that the world will see must necessarily be inoperative, like the Pope's bull against the comet .- ABE LINCOLN.

I declare that I have no purpose, directly or indirectly, to interfere with the institution of slavery in the States where it exists; athat The Bostou Post aaya: 'Many of our I believe I have no lawful right to do so, readers have supposed that our atatement and have no inclination to do so .-- ABE's

On the first day of January, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and sixty-three, all persons held as slaves within any State, or in any part of a State, the people whereof shall be in rebellion against the United States, will be henceforward and forever

Any people, anywhere, being inclined and having the power, have the right to rise up and shake off the existing government and form a new one that suits them better. This is a most valuable, a most sacred right-a right which we hope and believe is to liber ate the world. Nor is this right confined to cases in which the whole people of an Rosin, country-made, for washing clothes, existing government may choose to exercise scrubbing, &c., and choice toilet and perfumed it. Any portion of such people that can, varieties may revolutionize and make their own of so much of the territory as they inhabit !--More than this, a majority of any such people may revolutionize, putting down a minority intermingled with, or near about liles, very old. them, who may oppose their movements. --ABE LINCOLN'S SPEECH IN CONGRESS.

in question Abe's h-o-u-e-s-t-y?

Orllunt's Merchants' Magazine estimates the expenditures of the Federal Government under the present condition of affairs, at \$1 500,000,000 a year.

Late West India papers furnish accounts of an insurrection among the free negroes in the island of St. Vincent, which led to much excitement and some bloodshed.

During the mouth ending December 4th, eight thousand bales of cottoo rags were hought in the Liverpool market, and three thousand bales in Londoo, for shipment to the United States.

Ex-Governor Morgan, of New York tendered his resignation as Major General

OTA writer in a St, Louis paper estipistol, when the Gnard fired upon him, the mates the number of slaves now in Missouri at 102,775. At \$300 each, it would cost tion to all who may lavor me with their patron-

Orders have been received at the Brooklyn navy-yard to dispatch the awiftest Able suggests: 'Free Americans of African steam gunboat in the naval service to search descent, come from under the accumulated for the Alabama. The name of this vessel fuel!" Nigger in the dress circle!-White is withheld from publication by request.-She is now lying at the navy-yard wharf, and will be ready for sea in a few daya.

said when the coach upset.

# OLD STAND ON WALL STREET. GROCERIES, OLD BOURBON, LIQUORS

OLD AND NEW HAMS. COUNTRY PRODUCE AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF FAMILY AND BU-SINESS CONSUMPTIONS FOR GITY AND COUNTRY!!

AT MY OLD AND COMMISSION A Stand, embracing two large and elegant three story stores on Wall Street, I continue, to carry on, with increased stock and facilities, my long established business of furnishing Families in City and County, Farmers, Merchant and all firm belief that the present Congress would snatch it from his hands. We dont believe sumed in life, all which I am selling at the most favorable rates for each or such country the present Congress wants either peace or the present Congress wants either peace or produce as suits the market. Thankful for the liberal patronage so long extended to me in the past, and which has enabled me to offer greater inducements to customers hereafter. I respectfully solicit a continuance of their favors. low will be found advertisements of a few of my pecialities; but it would take up a whole news-

> ALEX. MADDOX.
> Old Stand on Wall Street. Maysville, July 17

OLD HAMS -200 two year old canvassed of a lot of some thousand of my ALEX. MADDOX.

EW HAMS.—500 canvassed Hams of my last year's enring, sweet, sound, juley and of unrivalled flavor. ALEX. MADDOX. OLD BOURBON.—50 Brls. choice Bour

bon Whiskey very old, pure, highly flavored oily. ALEX. MADDOX. DOURBON WHISKY .- A large atock of pure copper distilled Whisky, from one to four years old, always kept on hand for sale low by Bri er gallon. ALEX: MADDOX

COMMON WHISKY. - An abundant supply of common Whiskeys, at very low rates, aiways ou haud. ALEX. MADDOX.

FAMILY FLOUR.—The choicest brands ALEX. MADDOX.

ORN MEAL .- From picked flint grain and earefully milled, ever on hald.
ALEX. MADDOX. SUGARS—Choicest Brown and White Sugars always on hand.
ALEX. MADDOX.

OFFEE.-The choicest descriptions al-COFFEE. - rue can ways kept in full supply.
ALEX. MADDOX.

NEAS-Green and Black of all the best ALEX MADDOX. F 1811 - Mackerel, Salmon, Herring.

Sardines, Lake and other fish ALEX MADDOX DRIED FRUITS-Raisins, Apples and Peaches constantly on hand of the best ALEX MADDOX.

CIDER VINEGAR—The purest Cider Vinegar specially manufactured from the ALEX MADDOX.

CHARCOAL-Always in full supply ALEX MADDOX

ORN IN THE EAR-Selected sound Corn in the ear ulways on hand ALEX. MADDOX.

ORDAGE-Hemp and Manilla ropes of Jall sizes from a plough line to a ships cable lways on hand.

ALEX MADDOX always on hand. OAKUM-Choice prepared always on hand A. MADDOX

DLOCK AND TACKLE-An assortment Bembracing all sizes of superior construction ALEX. MADDOX.

CHEESE-The most select brands of rich pure, bluegrass cheese. ALEX. MADDOX.

TONE WARE-Every kind of vessels ALEX. MADDOX

SALT-Best Kanawha and Ohio River Salt by the Brl. and Table Salt by the bag. A. MADDOX OAL OIL-The best Coal Oil for lamps

NANDLES-Choice brands of Star and Tallow candles, adapted to all seasons. ALEX. MADDOX SOAPS—The best manufactured German,

ALEX. MADDOX

ALEX. MADDOX CHOICE IMPORTED FRENCH BRAN-DY-I have bought out John A. Coburn's stock of choice Brandy selected by himself in France, a superb article for Druggists and Families, very old.

ALEX. MADDOX.

STORAGE AND COMMISSION -- Good-After reading these extracts, who will call ceived ou consignment on the most moderate rates.

ALEX. MADDOX.

### GOOD NEWS FOR THE PEOPLE:

PROMPTNESS MY MOTTO! SATISFACTION MY AIM)

GEO. W. TUDOR. MAYSVILLE, - - - KENTUCKY,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM his friends and the public, that he has just received another large lot of STOV 8, HOLLOW WARE, &C.
I also keep constantly on hand, and MANU FACTURE to ORDER, all art. cles in the line of

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE. JOBBING IN THIS LINE DONE WITH NEAT-ESS AND DISPATCH.

Lower than any other house in Maysville.

GEO, W. TUDOR. arket St., bet. 2nd & 3rd Sts. nex' door to William Watkins, Maysvilia, June 19 1862-1y

FRANK & COONS.

## Attorneys at Law

MAYSVILLE, KY. Prompt attention paid to Collecting. june 12, 1862

### BULLETIN

OFFICE-Second Street, Opposite Cadroallader's Photograph Gallery.

MAYSVILLE, THURSDAY, JAN. 8.

J. Wesley Greene, the reputed bearer of peace propositions from Jeff Davis to President Lincoln, turns out to be one of the bane .- Richmond (Ky) Messenger. greatest scoundrels in the country. The Washington Star says he has been arrested in Chicago for swindling, and is now on his way to Washington to experience the tender mercies of the national authorities, We hope he may receive justice.

Gen. Beauregard's wife is lying dangeronsly sick in New Orleans, and General all classes. It has been but a short time Butler has sent to Gen. Beauregard a kind since these Remedies were introduced into invitation to visit her, assuring him of every our section of country; yet Dr. Brennan, Dr. protection and courtedy during his melan- Roback's agent in this place, informs us that choly errand of sorrow.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES .- 1,049 hbds. sugar and 1,031 bbis. molasses was received in New Orleans on the 9th inst. Large quantities of this production arrive there

to the village of Berry-au-Beck, about thirty the blood, general debility, whether promiles from Complegne, to visit the site of a ceeding from sickness or from natural weakcamp of Casar. Excavations have laid open ness, indigestion, and all kindred ailments, a ditch of four thousand metres in extent, which defended the front and approaches of as the very best medicines extant. They are the camp, as well as the four entrances destined to achieve, not an ephemeral sucwhich led into it.

1'he interest on the debt of the State of New York, due on the 1st of January, will be paid in gold.

When Bnrnside appeared opposite Fredericksburg, an order was given to destroy all the tobacco, and about 1,000 boxes were tumbled juto the Rappahauuock.

Yale College presents this session a total of 617 students, 460 in the academical department, 157 in the departments of theology, law, medicine, philosophy and the

The famous war steamer Monitor, is reported as having foundered at sea, near Cape Hatteras, and is a total loss. A part of her crew were lost.

Ci	ty Ele	ction.		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
Mayor,		Ward.		Ward.
Trussell	59	83	65	59
Daulton	31	28	25	23
Ricketts	3	1		1
Marshal,	co	79	71	59
Farley	62 30	34	18	20
Francis	30	34	10	20
Clerk,	61	81	67	58
Spaulding Ravencraft	31	32	20	25
Treasurer,	OI	02	20	20
Ross	59	81	68	56
Poyniz	34	33	23	27
Assessor,	O.L	00	20	
Outten	62	81	66	57
Cockrell	29	33	19	25
Collector,	20	00		
Newell	62	82	66	53
Borry	31	30	26	28
Wharf Master,	-			
Graham	64	83	71	58
Childs	30	28	19	22
Wood & Coal In.	3.			
Davis	66	85	73	59
Nicholson	27	27	16	21
Market Master,				4_
Bridges	61	78	68	57
Fleming	31	33	22	25
Councilmen,				
Campbell	61			
Cady	63			
Ball	62			
Jacobs	28			
Orr	23			
Young	29			
Wallingsford		80		
Brusee		81		
Newell		80		
Sulser		28		
Padock		28		
Watkins		29	00	
McGrannahan	1		69	
Culhertson			67 68	
Swith				
Maddox			20 18	
Golling			19	
Sawyer			19	58
Clark '				58
Brodrick				58
Rudy				24
McClanahan				23
Purnell				23
Lamar				20

In the past month forty-three Ameri can vessels were lost, valued, with their cargoes, at \$4,441,000.

The losses at Fredericksburg are set down by Congressman Covode, who was present during the battle and for several days thereafter, at seventeen thousand killed and wounded.

In to-day's paper will be found the new advertisement of MULLINS & HUNT. These gentlemen, so long and favorably snown to this community, announce that diseafisfied. They will keep constantly on hand they have added a Wholesale Department a well selected stock of to their establishment, which will be conducted on the Cash principle. Dealers from a distance should call and examine.

OFA Democratic Convention in New Hampshire has passed a resolution in favor of Mr. Garrett Davis' proposition to call a national convention to "restore and save, if possible, our glorious Union, in the spirit of justice, compromise, and concession in which it was framed."

Governor Andrew, of Massachusetts, has sent a circular letter to all the troops from that State now in the field, threatento deprive the familes of all those who enlist in the regular army of State aid.

Papers at Washington say, that foreign mediation is imminent.

MORGAN, THE GUERBILLA CHIEFTAIN, A Good Judge of "Something to Take" As WELL AS HORSEFLESH .- Morgan's thieves. during their brief stay in this place, found time to break into our office and steal our flags, which they sacrilegiously tore up and trampled in the dust. They also broke into onr desk and stole a bottle of "Bitters" which had been presented to us hy Dr. Roback. We are very sorry we forgot to flavor the Bitters with a dose of strychniue or rats-

Dr. Roback's Remedies.

We publish, in another column of to-day's paper, an article copied from the Cincinnati Times, descriptive of Dr. Roback's extensive medical establishment in that city. By the way, Dr. Roback's Remedies have obtained a great and deserved popularity with his sales of the Blood Pills and Blood Pnrifier now far exceed those of all others medicines for which he is agent, combined .-The reason for this, is, that they have stood the test of practical experience. We know this not only from the mouths of others, but we have used them in our own family with The Emperor Napoleon recently went the very best results. For all diseases of we recommend the Scandinavian Remedies cess, but a permanent and deserved reputation, which will render them a necessity in every family .- Napoleon, O., North West, See advertisement. [jan8

### NEW WHOLESALE DRY GOODS STORE!!

THE SUBSCRIBERS, LONG ESTAB. LISHED in a large retail Dry Goods business

in Muyaville, would call the attention of Country Merchants to their recent addition of an extensive Wholesale Department; which will be conducted on a STRICTLY CASH PRINCI-

Thommany years of experience possessed by onr buyer, combined with a perfect knowledge of the Keutucky trade, a thorough acquaintanceship with all the Manufacturing and Importing Houses in the East, and the fact of our purchases being made for "Cash," together with a firm determination to sell at a mere commission advance on Eastern Cost, will be sufficient guaranties to CLOSE CASH BUYERS that as regards prices, we cannot be undersoid by any WESTERN JOBBING HOUSE.

### MULLINS & HUNT,

Cheap Dry Goods Store,

2nd Street Maysville, Ky. Maysville, Kv. Jan. 8, 1863.

A PPLES.—Fifty Barrels of Dice Russet Apples for sale cheap by ALEX. MADDOX.

### LAND FOR SALE!

170 ACRES MASON COUNTY LAND within three mi'es of Maysville. well watered and timbered; set in grass of long standing; bounding on public roads; well calculated for Tobacco, and all kinds of grain, will be sold in whole or in parts to suit purchasers. A small tenement on the premises.

CHAS. E. DIMMITT,

Trustee of SINCLAR DIMMITT.

### NEW **Boot and Shoe Store**

THE SUBSCRIBERS TAKES THIS method to inform all persons who wenr Shoe Lenther, that he has fitted up the room formerly occupied by the Telegraph Office, IN CADWALLADER'S BUILDING, and furnished it with as good and fashiomable

### **BOOTS & SHOES** as can be found in this City, and that their whole attention will be

GIVEN

### to please and accomodate their enstomers, and

fit them in the BEST STYLE OF THE ABT, and, that no one can possibly go

# AWAY

Boots and Shoes, Brogans, Gaiters, Balmorals, Slippers, Pumps, &c., for Men, Ladies and Children. Al.SO, Ladies Childrens and Gentlemen's

CONGRESS GAITERS and BOOTS, always on hand, and made to order, and warrant ed to fit or no sale. Repairing done with neatness and a

short notice. Persons who wish to be dealt honorably with and get the worth of their money, are invited to call at

MARTIN & BRO.'S In Cadwailader's Building, 2nd street. Maysville, Ky., Dec. 1I, 1362-1m

### Hats.

LARGE stock of superior Hats, em-A bracing NEW YORK STYLE, French Standard, Soft, Wide and Stiff Brim Hats of every description, now in store and for sale by Wholessle and Retail. M. R. BURGESS & SON.

### Commercial.

MAYSVILLE MARKET.

THURSDAY, Jan. 8, 1868.

Sugar New Orleans, 18% to 14c.
Molasses.—New Orleans, Bbls. 65c.; Half
Bbls. 70c.

Coffer 33 to 37 with upward tendency. WHEAT.—Red 95e; White \$1 05.
FLOUR.—Selling at from \$5,50 to \$6 00.
Whisky.—Market firm Nelson's extra selling

Crush Sugar, 15c. 15e.

BACON.-Sides &; Hams 6@3c; Shoulders % cents.

LARD.—7 to 7%c, per lb.

HEMP:—\$80.00 per ton.

Tobacco.—Selling at 3@10c lbs.

MACKEREL.—Bbls. No. 2,\$10; Halfbbls. 5,50,

Quarters \$3,25.
Salt.-60c. & bushel.
IRON.-Bar Iron 2%; Nail Iron 6%@3; Horse Shoe 83/4@50. NAM.8.—\$4 50 for 10d. RICE.— 9c. W Ib. FEATHERS.—83 to 84 cents Ibs.

### WHOLESALE DRY GOODS STOCK

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED

FIFTY PACKAGES DRY GOODS! Embracing English, French & American Prints Brown and Bleached Mushins, Canton Flannels, Apron Checks, Plaid Linceys, Shaker Flannels, Bed Ticks, Shirting, Stripes, Grny and Scarlet Flannels, Mouselain Delaines, Embroideries, Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery and Notions generally. Terms Wholesale and Retail for CASH ONLY.

M. R BURGESS & SON. Maysville, Ky., October 2nd. 1862.

NEW

DRY GOODS

NOTIONS

M. R. BURGESS & SON, Second Street,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

WILL OPEN IN THE UPPER ROOMS OF THE

## Sensation Store!

THEIR Stock will be kept complete in every DENNISON White Goods. Notions, Hats and Caps, Hosiery. Laces, Embroideries &c., and will be enriched by weekly receipts from the New York Auction Sales of FRENCH and ENGLISH DRESS GOODS at great reductions on regular prices. Merchants may rely on getting their Staple Goods by the PIECE or PACKAGE, and their FANCY GOODS by the SINGLE PATTERN, at the lowest wholesale prices for CASII.

Particular attention will be paid to or

Ang. 28° M. R. BURGESS & SON.

When you arrive at Cincinnati STOP AT THE

### MADISON HOUSE.

Main Street Between Front & Columbia,

J. W. GARRISON, Proprietor.

E. C. PHISTER.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. OFFICE ON THE WEST SIDE OF COURT ST. MAYSVILLE, KY. August 14 ,1862.

WI!EN YOU COME TO THE CITY STOP AT THE

DONIPHAN HOUSE!

WHERE YOU CAN GET

YOUR MFALS FOR 25 CENTS!!

[October 301h 1862]

STILL AHEAD! AND STILL AHEAD!!

BLUM & HECKINGER,

I ming our patrons and the public generally, that we have again returned from the East, with

# TAKE THE PLEASURE OF INFOR-

a large and well selected Stock of Fall and Winter Clothing,

Consisting of a thorough assortment of OVER COATS.

DRESS COATS, BUSINESS COATS PANTS and VESTS,

and having honght our Stock early in the Season we are enabled still to sell them at the old prices.
We call particular attention to the Stock of Piece Goods consisting of CLOTHS, DOESKINS, CASSIMERES.

VESTINGS, &c. &c., Which our well known and justly celebrated Cutter, JERRY F. YOUNG, will make up to order in his usual excellent style.

### complete assortment of GENT'S FURNISHING GOOD

We also call the attention of the public to our

cansisting of fine SHIRTS which by the by have gained quite a celebrity with those that wear them, 'CIES, SUSPENDERS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, GLOVES, SOCKS,

Always on hand an assortment of TRUNKS, VALISES and CARPET BAGS. Give us a call and judge for yourselves. BLUM & HECKINGER, Nov. 6, 1862-17. Maysville, Ky.

GRAIN, GROCERY

# COMMISSION HOUSE,

Corner of 3rd & Market Streets, MAYSVILLE, - - KENTUCKY.

T HAVE JUST OPENED A GRAIN

THAVE JUST OPENED A GRAIN, CROCERY AND COMMISSION STORE in the house formerly occupied by Jas. C. Brookover, north-east Corner of Third & Market Sts. I will pay the highest market price in Cash or WHEAT, RYE and BARLEY.

I have just received a full stock of Groceries, Sugar. Molasses, Coffee, Tea. Rice, Fish, Tobacco, Salt, &c., &c., together with a general assortment of all articles in the Grocery line; all warranted to be of the best quality. My goods have

ranted to be of the best quality. My goods have been bought exclusively for Cash, and will be sold for Cash or Country Produce, at very small I have also on hand a large stock of PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY.

Commission, Storage & Forwarding Business attended to with promptness.

All persons desirous of getting the worth of their money, will please give me a cull. june 19th, 1862. BEN PHISTER.

RUSHED, Powdered and Granulated Sugar, of best quality, in store and for sale low by BEN PHISTER, Cor. 3rd & Market streets.

SYRUP.—Philadelphia and Baltimore Syrups, in barrels, half barrels and 10 minutes. iu barrels, half barrels and 10 gal. kegs, for low by BEN PHISTER, Cor. 3rd & Market streets.

TOBACCO of all grades and prices, for sale By BEN PHISTER, june 19 Cor. 3rd & Market streets.

VINEGAR of the best quality, for sale by june 19. BEN PHISTER. WHISKY a very choice article for harvest use, for sale low by BEN PHISTER.

A PPLE BRANDY- oid and mellow of best A quality, in store and for sale by june 19

BEN PHISTER.

SALT-in store and arriving, for sale at low-est rates, by BEN PHISTER.

Fish.--Mackerel and White Fish, in barrels, inf. barrels quarter barrels and kits, of best brands for sale at lowest rates by june 19

BEN PHISTER.

TEA-a very superior article, the best importcd, in store and for sale by
BEN PHISTER.

RICE--the pure Carolina Rice, for sale hy june 19 BEN PHISTER. CANDLES. -- Star & S umm Mould Candles of best quality, at BEN PHISTER'S.

SOAP & STARCH, of best brands, for sale low june 19 By BEN PHISTER.

BACON WANTED.—I am buying clear sides at highest cash prices. BEN PHISTER. WHEAT, RYE & BARLEY WANTED.-I am constantly in the market and paying st prices.

BEN PHISTER, highest prices. Cor. 3rd & Market street.

Fifth street pet. Main & Sycamore, CINCINNATI, OHIO

CORBIN GALLEHER, PROPRIETORS. JOS. F. PERRIE,

PHIS POPULAR HOTEL HAS BEEN RE-PAIRED and REFITTED THROUGHOUT, and is now open to the Public. The Proprietors, recently of the "Goddard House," Maysville, Ky., solicit the patronage of the travelling com-munity, and especially of those Kentuckiuns to whom they have been known as the hosts of the Goddar.' No pains will be spared to give satis faction to every guest of the House. CORBIN GALLEHER, JOS. F. PERRIE.

## SOLOMAN KINSLER, Watchmaker & Jeweler,

(Opposite the Doniphan House.) SECOND STREET,

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 4th, 1862.

THE undersigned has just received a large supply of fine Gold and Silver Watches, and Jewelry of all styles, to which he invites the attention of the public. Finger Rings and other Jewelry made to order, and warranted to be pure gold. WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY, repaired on short notice and warranted to give satisfac-tion, nov. 27-ly

### DONIPHAN HOUSE.

(FORWERLY THE PARKER HOUSE,)

Between Sutton and Wall Streets, MAYSVILLE, - - - - KENTUCKY

A. DONIPHAN, Proprietor

THE ONLY ONE DOLLAR DAY HOUSE IN THE CITY Travelers are respectfully requested to give it Daily Stages leave the door for ail points [june 19,1862-1y.

# LEE HOUSE!

MAYSVILLE, KY., Corner of Front and Sutton Streets,

Mrs. A. M. TUREMAN, Proprietress

GENERAL STAGE OFFICE [June 19, IS62-1y]

### REMOVAL!

CEO. BROWN, has removed to the Jowelry Store, one door above Geo. Cox & Son's Store, where he will be pleased to see all of his old enstomers. repaired on the shortest Notice and LIBERAL

### Negroes Wanted.

[Maysville.July 21, 1362.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE, TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF WESTERN LAND, in Livingston County, Missouri, for good likely negroes. The owner has refused \$2.000 for the land. Apply at the BULLETIN OFFICE Jaly \$1, :852;

U. S. MAIL LINE.

Regular Cincinati Maysville Packet THE FINE, NEW AND SPLENDED STEAMER, This fine Steamer was built expressly pressly ville Trade.

### MAGNOLIA. J. H. PRATHER, Commander.

T. P. LAWBENCE, Clerk.

Leaves foot of Walnut St., for Maysville, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12 o'clock, M Leaves Maysville for Cincinnati, every Tucs day, Thursday and Saturday, 10 o'clock, A. Y For Freight or Passage apply on board, or o J. M. LOVE. Freight received at all hours at the Maysville Packet Landing.

Cincinnati, Maysville and Portsmouth REGULAR TRI WEEKLY PACKET

Bostona, Captain WM. McCLAIN, Commander, will con Captain W. McClain, Commander, will continue in the above trade, leaving Cincinnatievery Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and Portsmouth avery Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12 M. Stopping at Maysville either way between the hours of 5 and 7 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to R.

McNeely, Agent. Maysville, Ky.

# **Baltimore and Ohio** RAILROAD.

GREAT NATIONAL ROUT

Terminates at Washington and Baltimore on the East, and Wheeling, Benwood and Parkers-burg on the West, at which places it unites with railroads, steamers, &c., for and from all points n the West. South-west and North-west.
THREE THROUGHTRAINS leave Wheeling

daily (Sunday excepted).
TWO THROUGHTRAINS leaves Parkersburg daily (Sunday excepted).
Direct connections are made by these lines FOR
ALL THE EASTERN CITIES.
This is the only route to Washington City.—
Passengers by this route can visit Bultimore,
Philadelphia, New York and Boston at the cost

Threather, No. 1 of a ticket to Boston alone by other lines.
Through tickets to the Eastern cities can be procured via Washington City at an additional charge of two dollars.
Time as quick and fare as low as by any other SLEEPING CARS ATTACHED TO ALL

NIGHT TRAINS.
Inquire for tickets via Baltimore and Ohi RATLROAD at any of the principal railroad offic n the West.

J. H. SULLIVAN; General Western Agent.

L. M. COLE, General Ticket Agent.

W. P. SMITH, Master of Transportation.

## JOB PRINTING!

Plain and Faucy lob Printing NEATLY EXECUTED AT THR

# Bulletin Office!

This department of our Establishment is now complete, and inferior to none in Kentucky. We are prepared to meet all orders, of any and every description, promptly and on short notice and at prices greatly reduced from those of former year.

Orders as we will neither be excelled in LOW PRICES!

STYLE OF WORKMANSHIP!!

Christmas Presents!

WATCHES, CLOCKS, Jewelry & Fancy Goods.

WEHAVE NOW ON HAND A LARGE and tasty assortment of WATCHES. CLOCKS and FANCY GOODS of every description to suit the most fustidious.

GIVE US A CALL! Watches, Clocks and Jewelry REPAIRED

on the shortest notice by EXPERIENCED WORK-MEN and warranted to perform. JEWELRY AND SIL VER-WARE, made to order. OLD GOLD AND SILVER taken in

DUFEU & M'CARTHEY, Ret. Buroess and Miner's Stores. Maysville. Dec. 11, 1862.

POWER, ROSS & CO. Grocers, Produce and Commission MERCHANTS.

DEALERS IN GRAIN, FLOUR, SALT & BACON, &c

Corner of Market and Third Streets,

MAYSVILLE, KY. August 7, 1862-3m

### LOUIS STINE MERCHANT TAILOR AND GENTS FURNISHER,

SECOND STREET, MAYSVILLE, KY .. KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A Choice assortment of a'l Seasonable Coods in his line, which he is prepared to dispose of at the lowest rates for "CASH." lie solicits a call frin his friends and pledges his best efforts to give Satisfaction. inue 12, 1862. LOUIS STINE.

ROSS & COLVIN, WATCHES, OLOCKS AND JEWELRY, HOUSE SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,

MAYSVILLE, KENTUCKY.

CRAINING, GILDING, GLAZING AND PAPER HANGING, done in the latest and most approved style, and with dispatch.



'No pent-up Utica contracts our powers, For the whole boundless Continent is cure."

DR. ROBACK'S BLOOD PURIFIER

### and BLOOD PILLS

have been introduced to the public for more than six years, and have acquired an

Immense Popularity, far exceeding any Family Medicines of a similar nature in the market.

An appreciating public was not long in discovering they possessed remarkable

Curative Properties, Rapid Sale

and consequent profit to the Proprieter, thus enabling him to expend Many Thousands

of dollars each year in advertising their merits, and publishing the Numerous Certificates which have been showered upon him from All harts of the Country. The peculiarity of the

Blood Purifier and Pills is that they strike at the root of Disease, by eradicating every particle of impurity In the Blood, for the life and health of the body depends

upon the purity of the blood. If the blood is poisoned, the body drags out a miserable existence. These medicines Are Unequaled

for curing Liver Complaint, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Female Complaints, Rheumatism. Salt Rheum, Syphilis, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Old Sores, Sick Headache, Leucorrhæa,

St. Anthony's Fire,

Eruptions,

Fits, Scrofulous Consumption, etc. ONE person writes, her daughter was cured of fits of nine years' standing, and St. Vitus' dance of two years. ANOTHER writes, his son was cured after his flesh had almost wasted away.

Tumors.

The doctors pronounced the case incura-ANOTHER was cured of Fever and Ague after trying every medicine in his reach. ANOTHER was cured of Fever Sore ANOTHER of Rheumatism of eight

Cases innumerable of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint could be mentioned in which the Purifier and Pills

Work like a Charm. To one and all we would say hand in your The Blood Pills are the most active and thorough pills that have ever been introduced. They act so directly upon the Liver, exciting that organ to such an extent contract that the system does not relapse into its former condition, which is too apt to be

the case with simply a purgative pill. They are really a Blood and Liver Pilt, which, in conjunction with the

Blood Purifier, will cure all the aforementioned diseases, and, of themselves, will relieve and cure Costiveness. Headache, Colic Pains, Cholera Morbus, Indigestion, Pain in the Boweles Dizziness, etc.

Try these medicines, and you will never

Ask your neighbors, who have used them, and they will say they are Good Medicines, and you should try them before going for a physician. Get a Pamphlet or Almanac of my local agent, and read the certificates, and if you have ever doubted you will

Doubt no more. As a proof that the Blood Purifier and Pills and purely vegetable, I have the certificates of those em-inent cliemists, Professors Chilton of New York, and Locks of Cincinnati:

Read Dr. Roback's Special Notices and Certificates
published in a conspicuous part of this Paper from time to time.

Price of the Scandinavian Vegetable Blood Purificr, \$1 per bottle, or \$5 per half dozen. Of the Scanddinavian Vegetable Blood Pills, 25 cents per box, of St., 3d Building from Main St., Cincinnati, C. Instructory, No. 18 Hammond Street.

FOR SALE BY J. J. WOOD, Maysville, MACKEY & WOOD, do. JOHN RICHARDSON; Mayslick, W. D. WOOD, Sardis, JOHN B. HOWARD, Orangeburg: THOS. WILLIAMS, Germantown;

And by Druggists and Merchanis generally throughout the United States and Canadas.

ROBT. STEVENSON, Murphysville,

BULLOCR & SULLIVAN, Dover,

TUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS from New York. a Splendid Stock of DRESS GOODS, embracing "Imperial Reppa;" "Freuch Marineos and Mo. 1) Laines;" "Plaid Madalines;" "Borathed Plaids;" "Broche Poplins and Cles-tials;" "Empress and Messina Cloth" in all desirable colors. M. R. BURGESS & SON.
November 20th, 1862

L. H. LONG. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Shop on 2nd Street, over Gurney's Meat Store, GRAIN, FLOUR, TOBACCO, SALT, &C. Corner of Wall & 2nd Streets.

MAYSVILLE; - . - . . . . RENTUCKY.

june 19, 1862-1y.

tlon, power, frand, venality, and corruption. The gallant Domocracy entered the contest against most fearful odd; unawed hy powe recorning the allurements of office and Government spoils, they pressed nobly on, and proudly and nobly rescued a violated Constitution from the hands of ruthless despoilers. The friends of constitutional and civil liberty throughout the entire land will return them heartfelt thanks for the noble stand they bave taken, for the glorious victory they have won.

the world has never known-a trinmph of

constitutional and civil liberty over nsurpa-

Gentlemen may try to evade it, and say these were not the issues. Why, sir, in the Empire State of New York we know the issuc was made squarely noon the last two proclemations of the President, among other things, ... I remember that a very largo meeting, at Brocklys/passed a resolution directly condemning the President's emancipation proclamation as unconstitutional and wrong in every form; and, their gallant standard bearer, Mr. Seymour, took that position, and Mr. Wadsworth, the Opposition candidate, took the opposite ground. The result is bo-fore you. The Democracy triumphed; and, sir, I do expect the same result will soon follow in Connecticnt and some States further north. I believe New Hampshire holds an election next spring. I expect Democratic victories all the way along up to the Canada line from this time forward. Mr. CLARK. Will the Senator pardon me

a moment? Mr. Powell. I am nearly through. Mr. CLARK. I want to say to him that some of our men were taken by Stonewall Jackson a short time ago, and paroled-Mr. Powell. I am sorry they were taken. Mr. CLARK. He gave them this advice: to go home and vnte the Democratic ticket, and that would end the matter. [Laughter.] Mr. Powell. That may be. If that will end it, I hope everybody will vote the Democratic ticket; for I want to end the war and restore the constitutional Union,-I want the war to cesse, the States to be rewar is to be carried on, as I suppose it will be, I want it carried on within the Constitu-

Mr. President, I have said all that I desire to say on this subject. I trust that in the remarks which I have submitted, while I have spoken with a little zeal, I have not heep uncourteous to anybody. I do not desire to be so. I desire however, to speak plainly and candidly what I think, without injuring the feelings or sensibilities of any Senator. I accord to all the freest privilege of criticising any and everthing I say. If Libink the Chief Magistrate of the nation violates the Constitution of my country, it is not only my right but my duty to say so, without being obnoxious to a charge of disloyalty, as the Senator from Indiana seems to indicate. He thinks that a man who is against the Executive is not loyal. Sir, I had supposed that a man's loyalty was to be tested by his devotion to the Constitution and laws of his country, and not to an indi-vidual. I have no doubt that when Clesar crossed the Rubicou, to overthrow the liberties of Rome, his followers said that that man was a traifor who doubted the will of Oaesar. I have no doubt that wherever constitutional liberty has been stricken down by the hands of tyrants, they have put the same speech in the mouths of their follow-

I differ toto calo from the Senator from Indiana as to disloyalty. I claim to be loyal to the Constitution and laws of my country, but I ewe allegiance to no man .-Lclaim that liberty can only be preserved by being loyal and true to the Constitution and laws. I will trust no man with my liberties, I care not how wise he may. be .the executive power to keep the vigils of liberty for me.

does right; if I think his conduct is calcu- uniting the South, and embarrassing the arlated to promote the interests and welfare my. of my country, and is in accordance with the Constitution, I will applaud him, he will be entitled to my applause; but if I how many simple letters, from simple-mind-think he does wrong and is violating the ed women, have been kissed, cherished, and fundamental law of the land, it is my duty as wept over by men of far loftier intellect. the Senator of a free State to condemn him, Therefore it is no marvel that the childish him, and that I will do, I hope always respectfully.

pass; and I hope that the Senator from Maine, who was exceedingly courseous ments, or to dszzle by their accomplish. this morning, will not let these two unfortu- though he may admire, no man ever loyes a nate men of Delaware suffer because of any woman for these things. He loves her for indiscretions I may have committed in ad- what is essentially distinct from though not vocating a resolution asking information incompatible with them-her woman's nstouching the ir arrests, by means of which I ture and her woman's heart. This is why hope and believe they will be released .- we so often see a man of high genius or in-He had better vent it upon me than upon tellectual power pass by the De Staels and those unfortunate gentlemen.

ought to be beard in the church but the healing voice of Christian charity. Those who quit their proper character to assume what does not belong to them, are, for the looking lad, walking into a hardware store, greater part, ignerant both of the character they leave and of the character they asenme. They have nothing of politics but the passions where one day's truce ought to be allowed you have, Sir, and how many? to the dissensions and animosities of man-land: Edmund Burke. 10

The malicula tell-us-that the present Congress wil. indorse the President's proclams is preserved the knife that the mother of like to see any mean thing they would not indorse.—Wheeling Press.

LARGE stock of superior Hats, emprompt attention.

LARGE stock of superior Hats, emprompt attention.

Standard, Soit, Wide and Stiff, Brim Hats of every description, now in store and for sale by the work furnished, in all cases, at the mother of washington presented to him to induce him to abandon his design of entering the British Days. The radicals tell-us-that the present Conindorse. - Wheeling Press.

I, the President of the United States of America, whereas on the 22d day of September, in the year of our Lord, 1862, a roclamation was issued by the President of the United States, containing among other things the following to wit: "That on the 1st day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, 1863.) all persons held as slaves within any State, or designated part of a State. if the people thereof shall there be in rebellion against the United States, shall be then, henceforth and forever free, and the Executive Government of the United States, including the military and naval authority thereof, will recognize and maintain the freedom of such persons, and will do no act or acts to repress such persons, or any of them, n any effort they may make for their actu-Constitution and the rights and liberties of the people such victories will be won as long freedom. as there is an election to take place. A grander and more snolime moral triumph

f January aforesaid, issnera proclamation, esignating the States and parts of States, or the people thereof, shall, on that day, be in good faith represented in the Congress of 20 Half Pipes Jules Rabin Brandy, good faith represented in the Congress of he United States by members chosen thereto, at elections where majority of the qual- 25 ified voters of such States shall have partic- 20 % pated, shall, in the absence of strong countervailing testimony be deemed conclusive evidence that such State and the people thereof are not in the Rebellion against the Lincoln, President of the United States, by 25 Hr. do . do . do 20 Baskets Creme Do Bonzy do virtue of the power in me vested as commander-in-chief of the army and navy in time of actual armed Rebellion against the authority of the Government of the United Together with a large and complete assortment of States, and us a fit and necessary war measure for suppressing said Rebellion, do, on this, the 1st day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty three, and in accordence with my purpose so to do, publicly proclaimed for tho ull period of one hundred days from the date of the above first mentioned order, and designated as the States and parts of States Scaled and No. 1 Herring,
wherein the people thereof respectively are Superior Brands of Fine Havana Segars; wherein the people thereof respectively are this day in rebeliion against the United States the following to wit:

"Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana, except the parishes of La Bernard, Plaquemines, Jefferson, St. John, St. Charles, St. James, Ascension. Assumption, Terre Bonno, La Fouche. St. Martin and Orleans, including the city of New Orleans. Mississlppi, Alahama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina and Virginia except the 48 counties designated as Western Va; and also, the counties of Berkley, Accomac Northampton, Elizabeth City, York, Princess Anne and Norfolk, including the city of Norfolk and Portsmouth, which exceptod parts are for the present left precisely as for Family use. Call at Nos. 47 & 49 MARKET STREET, if this proclamation were not issued; and by virtue of the power, and for the purpose aforesaid, I do order and declare that all parunited, and the Constitution, with all its guarantees, restored everywhere; but if the ward shall be free; and that the Executive Government of the United States, including the military and naval authorities

thereof will recognize and maintain the freedom of said persons.

And I hereby enjoin upon the people so declared to be free, to abstain from all violence, unless in necessary self defense, and lence, unless in necessary self defense, and I receommend to them that in all cases, when allowed, they labor faithfully for rea-

sonable wages. I further deelars and make known that such persons, of suitable condition, will be received into the armed service of the United States, to Garrison forts, positions, stations and other places, and to man vessels of all sorts in said service; and upon this, sincerely believed to be an act of justice, warranted by the Constitution, upon military necessity, I invoke the considerate | judgment of mankind and the gracious favor of Almighty God. In witness whereof I have hereunto put my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty

By the President: WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

A PILL FOR THE TRIBUNE. - Thurlow Weed, incensed by Greeley's constant philippis, retorts with this carious confession and recrimination:

Since the breaking out of the rebellion the editor of this journal has 'consorted' So fat as Lata concerned, I will trust the with the friends of the Union and of the dibertles of myself and of those who are to government who devote themselves to the come after me upon no less worthy a bot-tom than the Constitution, and the laws crats by thousand giving their treasure, their mame in pursuance thereof. I will not trust services and their blood, freely, in efforts to crush rebellion. He has not, however, discovered that ultra abolitionists are at all Gentlemen may sink the Constitution lavish in either of these respects. That and shout for the Executive who choose to class of patriols, after contributing efficiently do so but I shall never be guilty of that to excite rebellion, remain at home denoun-kind of man-worship. If the President eing the administration, dividing the North,

COMMONFLACE WOMEN.—Heaven knows epistle of Hope Anstead was read and reread with lingering and throbbing heart. It is a tho Corinnes to take unto his bosom some wayside flower, who has nothing on earth to Politics in the Church.-No sound make her worthy of him, except that she is ties" are-a true woman.

> "Do you keep nails here?" asked a sleepy the other day.

> 'Yes,' replied the gentlemanly proprietor. We keep all kinds of pails; what kind will Well, said the boy, sliding toward the door. 'I'll iake a pound of fibger nails, and

about a pound and a half of toe nails,

WHOLESALE LIQUOR -AND-

Fancy Grocery Store! IKE NELSO NITED

IMPERTER OF STIVEYAL Brandies, Wines, Gins, AND ALL OTHER FOREIGN LIQUORS.

AND DEALER IN FOREIGN FRUITS, OYSTERS, SAR-DINES, NUTS, PRESE AND SUCH FANCY GROCERIES,

ALSO, TOBACCO, SEGARS &c. OLD BOURBON AND MONONGAHELA WHISKIES, & DOMESTIC LIQ-UORS IN GENERAL ...

That the Executive will on the first day NOS. 47 & 49, WEST SIDE OF MARKET August 7 .

any in which the people theu, respectively, shall then be in rebellion against the Inited States, and the fact that any State.

25 Quarter casks do do do. 5 1/2 Pipes United Proprietors Brandy, do A Seignette Fine Old Port Wine, . Crown Sherry do. Crown Sheri Crown Sheri Crown Sheri 5 Pipes superior Holland Gin,

United States; "now, therefore. 1 Abraham 30 Baskets Heidsieck Chainpague Wine, Qts. & Pts do., Pints, 200 Cases assorted brands Claret Wine, 50 "Rhino do., 50 " Rhino do., 25 " Sparkling and Still Catawba Wine,

> Almonds, Rasins. Brazil Nuts, E. Walnuts, Pecans, Dates, Currents,
> Rock Candy, Citron.
> Worcestershire Sauce, F. Must Pea Nuts, Citron, 3 F. Mustard Prunes, DlivoOil, Sardines, Pine Apples Salmon Clams. Pickles, Jéllies, Brandy Cherries and Peachos Piecollillies, Morning Call, Wake Up and other Bitters,

> Assorted "German Cheroots and Havana Sixes To which I invite the attention of dealers promising to do as well for them as any Louis-

ville or Cineinnati honse ean.

ISAAC NELSON,
aug 7 1862 16 Market St., Maysville, Ky.

ALE! ALE !! ALE!! ISAAC NELSON, Sole Agent ron Maysville, has just received a largo supply of SMITH'S Celebrated Pittsburgh and Wheeling Alo, in Barrels and Half Barrels, viz: Pale, Kennett and Champagne, brewed for Summer nso.
ALSO, BUTTLED ALE, in cases of 1 doz. each

300 Bblsof Bourbon Whisky, 1 to 7 years old, in store and for sale by

A st 7, 1862.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

ISAAC NELSON.

MAGNOLIA,

J. H. PRATHER, Commander. T. P. LAWRENCE, Clerk.

Leaves foot of Walnut St., for Maysville, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12 o'clock, M Leaves Maysville for Cincinnati, every Tuerlay, Thursday and Saturday, 10 o'clock, A. Y For Freight or Passage apply on board, or Freight received at all hours at the Maysville

Cincinnati, Maysville and Portsmouth REGULAR TRI-WEEKLY PACKET Bostona,

Captain WM. McCLAIN, Commander, will con three, and of the independence of the United States the eighty seventh.

(Signed)

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Thereday, Thursday and Saturday, and Portsmouth avery Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 12 M. Stopping at Maysville either way between the hours of 5 and 7 P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to B. McNeely, Agent Maysville, Ky.

> **Baltimore** and Ohio RAILROAD.

GREAT NATIONAL ROUT

Terminates at Washington and Baltimore on the East, and Wheeling, Benwood and Parkers ourg on the West, at which places it unites with railroads, steamers, &c., for and from all points in the West, South-west and North-west. THREE THROUGH TRAINS leave, Wheeling daily (Sunday excepted).
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This is the only route to Washington City. Passengers by this route can visit Balttmore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston at the cost of a ticket to Boston alone by other lines.
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Time as quick and fare as low as by any other WSLEEPING CARS ATTACHED TO ALL NIGHT TRAINS.
Inquire for tickets via Baltinone and Ohi RAILROAD at any of the principal railroad office

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THE ONLY ONE DOLLAR DAY HOUSE IN THE CITY. Travelers are respectfully requested to give it Daily Stages leave the door for all points [june 19,1862-1y.

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Tarasar, Jen. c. 1.02. PRINTING A TOPIC

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E BILL HEAD, WENT OF THE CERTIFICATES,

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Is respectfully directed to our Establishment, if they desire first class work at low rates. Orders from abroad will receive

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DR. MOTT'S Chalybeate Pills.

An aperient and stomachic preparation of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by com-bustion in Hydrogen, of high medical author-ity and extraordinary efficacy in each of the

following complaints, viz.:

DEBILITY, NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, EMACIATION, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHEA, CONSTIPATION, SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, SCURVY,
JAUNDICE, LIVER COMPLAINTS RHEUMA TISM, MERCURIAL CONSEQUENCES, INTER-MITTENT: FEVERS: NEURALGIA: CHRONIC HEADACHES, FEMALE WEAKNESS. MIS MENSTRUATION, WHITES, CHLOROSIS, etc.; PIMPLES ON THE FACE, ROUGHNESS OF

THE SKIN, etc.
The IRON being absorbed by the blood, and thus circulating through the whole system, no part of the body can escape their truly wender.
Inl influence
The experience of thousands daily proves that

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can for a moment be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case. In all cases of female debility (fluor albus, chlorosis, etc.), its effects are delightfully renovating. No remedy has ever been discovered, in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt, happy, and fully restorative effects. Goed appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use. cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.
As a grand stomachic and general restorative it has no superior and no substitute.

Put up in went that metal boxes containing 50 pills, price 50 cents per box; six boxes, \$2 50; one dozen boxes, \$4 00. For sale by Druggists generally. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to

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ESTABLISHED AND ENDOWED FOR THE RELIEF OF THOSE SUFFERING WITH CONTAGIOUS, VIRULENT, AND CHRONIC DISEASES, AND FOR THE ERADICATION AND EXTERMINATION OF ALL DISEASES OF THE UR-The Journal Medical Reform, containing VALUABLE INFORMATION on Spermatorrhea and the New Remedies employed at the In firmary, for the cure of the above diseases, sent to those needing medical aid, in scaled letter envelopes, free of charge

To parents of many scrofulous and dispased children, certain neans of prevention will cheer-fully be communicated, on application by mail. The Prescriptions for Consumption, used by the Infirmary, will be sent Free to all who need it. It never fails to cure Conglis Colds, Asthma, Cattarh, and Consumptio, as thousand can attest, Send before you perish.

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CANKER AND SALT RHEUMSYRUP. FOR THE CURE OF CANKER, SALT Rheum, Erysipelas, Serofulous Disonses, Cutaneous Eruptions, Sore Eyes, and every kind of Diseases arising from an impure state of the

THE MOST EFFECTIVE BLOOD PURIFIER OF THE NINTEETH CENTURY. cian, and all who are afflicted with any of the above named diseases, should use it without delay. It will drive the disease from the system, and when once out on the Skin, a lew applies-DR: WEAVER'S CERATE, OR OINTMENT,

and you liave a permanent eure. The Cerate has proved itself to be the best Ointment over invented, and when once used, it has never been known to fail of effecting a permanent cure of Old Sores, Tetter and Ringworm, Scald Head, Chilblains and Frost Bites, Barber's Itch, Chapped or Craaked Hands or Lips, Blotches or pimples on the Face. And for

SORE NIPPLES AND SORE EYES, the Cerate is the only thing required to cure.—
It should be kept in the house of every family.
Price of Syrup 31, Cerate 25 cents per Bottle. Directions accompany each Bottle.

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WE ARE NOW PREPARED to sell all kinds of SOAP & CANDLES equal in quality to Cincinnation any other markets.

which the following list will show: CANDLES. SP. Mould Candles 10c Enmily Soap, No. 1, 416 Edina Summer Mould Extr Palm " 12 Extra Family Candles German " 24 lbs to box 1236 lar Candles 19; "extra"

Glycerine 4 60 to 75 per dozeu. Fivo per cent off for CASH in any quanities to such purchasors. Tot Cash paid for Tallow and Grease.

Address, BELL & COLLINS. Soap and Candle, Factory Maysville, Ky. Lists.

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WANTED TO EXCHANGE. TWO
LAND, in Livingston County, Missouri, for good likely negroes. The owner has refused \$2,000 for the land. Apply at the July \$1, 7852. BULLETIN OFFICE

June 19 Hunter & Maddex; Ripley, Ohio

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PICKERT'S Blue Grass Choese always or hand and for sale by H. C. LLOYD.

Maysville, june 19, 1862

A compound remedy, designed to be the most effectual Alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated surract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of sail greater alterative power, as to afford/an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those, who suffer from Strimous complaints, and that one which will necomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afficted fellow citizens. "How completely this compound will do it has been preven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS AND ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PINPLES, BROTCHES, TURORS, SALT REEVE, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS AND SYPHILITIO AF-FECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROFSY, NEU-RALGIATOR TIC DOUBOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYS-! PEPSIA AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE on St. Anthony's Fine, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from Inventy or THE BLOOM.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring; to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the time-ly expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcaration sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural chaimels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleaning the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug one has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla,

or any thing else. During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds-upon the sick, for they not only contain, little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall reseue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary, run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to seeure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO. Price, \$1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for \$5. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been em-As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF Costiveness, Janualice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Bhoum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood. They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a

Price 25 cents per Box; Five boxes for \$1.00. Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be fol-

family physic.

lowed for their cure. Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand, AYER's, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should

All our remedies are for sale by J.J. WOOD, SEATON & BRODRICK. Maysville, Ky,

OUR FRIEND .--- OUR "COMFORTER

DR. S. O. RICHARDSON. THE CELEBRATED REMEDY

> FOR HABITUAL CONSTIPATION:

Jaundice, Fever and Ague, General Des bility, and all Diseases arising from a:Disordered Stomach, Liver, or Bowels. THEY are used and recommended by leading

THEY are used and recommended by leading Physicians of the country, and all who try them pronounce them invaluable. The Data Marks in LEEPERE, writes from Navarre, Stark Co., Onio, "the Bitters are highly praised by those suffering from indigestion, dyspensia and liver complaint."

Dn. WM. M. KI,RR, of Bogersville, Ind.,
writes us that they are the most valuable medicine offered. He bas recommanded them with
great success, and with them made several
cures of palpitation of the heart and general de-

is forthal .

bility.

D. K. GALLEHERS, M. D. writes from Van Wert Ohio, "I most respectfully recommend the Sherry Wine Bitters to the notice of Dyspeptic persons; and to all who require a stimulating SUCH NEWS WE ARE RECEIVING DAILY

FULL DIRECTIONS ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE. They are sold by Medicine Dealers generally. Price 75 ets. per bottle. J. N. HARRIS & GO. aincimati, Olio, Proprietors for the Southern and Western States, to whom address all orders, For sale by

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J. H. Haskell & Son: Ashland, June 19 Hunter & Maddox; Ripley, Ohio

DICKERT'S Blue Grass Choese always on